

# Hawaiian Gazette.

"OL. XXXVI. No. 53.

HONOLULU, H. T., FRIDAY, JULY 2 1901.—SEMI-WEEKLY.

WHOLE STOCK

## DEATH IN A CYCLONE

### A Nebraska Town Is a Complete Wreck.

OMAHA, Neb., June 21.—Special dispatches to the World-Herald from Napier, Neb., tell of the loss of seven lives by a tornado Thursday night. The killed were members of the Greening and Anderson families. The casualties are: Jacob Greening and his wife, fatally injured; Grace Greening, aged 14, seriously injured; Margaret Greening, aged 7; Maggie Greening, aged 9; John Greening, aged 4; Jacob Greening, aged 2, all killed.

Out of the Anderson family of six, two children, Ida and Clara, aged respectively 7 and 8, were killed, and the mother and her daughter, Bertha, and son, Theodore, aged respectively 10 and 12, injured. One of these children has since died. August Anderson, the father, was away from home at the time.

The father of Jacob Greening was found a quarter of a mile from the house badly mangled. Both arms and legs were broken, and there is no chance for his life. Little Maggie and Jacob Greening were found 600 yards from where the house stood. They were stripped of all their clothing, but were not disfigured.

The other two children were close to the house, and were in full view of their mother and oldest sister, who were both fatally injured, and could see them but could render no assistance.

Six hours before the storm the sun was shining. The stormcloud appeared about 5 o'clock and traveled down the Keya Paha river. It seemed to rise up and skip some houses and then swoop down and demolish everything. The tornado was preceded by a severe hailstorm. Stones fell that measured ten inches in circumference.

Mrs. Anderson took refuge under a bank near her home with three children. She said: "I saw the cloud coming and knew it was bad, and I grabbed the youngest child and took two with me. When the storm struck the house it took it right into the air, and that was the last of it. I hurried to my children, but the storm took two of them away from me and killed them. I laid down and held my baby. The wind also took it away from me. A timber struck me and broke my shoulder. After the storm all my clothes and shoes and stockings were gone."

The little town of Napier is almost entirely destroyed. The people are gathered in the few buildings left standing, among them a church and school house, and provisions and clothing are being sent in from surrounding towns.

One peculiar incident of the storm was the case of Rev. I. E. Barnes, who was in his barn preparing to drive across the country when the storm struck. The barn was lifted bodily and shattered to fragments, but Mr. Barnes and the horses escaped without injury.

#### THE NEXT BIG FAIR

##### Getting Ready for the Louisiana Purchase Exposition.

LOUIS, June 22.—The foreign relations and publicity committees of the Louisiana Purchase Exposition company held important sessions today. They are rapidly shaping the work of the great exposition. Foreign governments are already aroused to the importance of the fair. The foreign relations committee devoted two hours to a discussion of the best means of reaching foreign governments and exhibitors, arousing their interest in the matter, where it has not already been done, and providing them with information as comes within their purview of the work. A great deal of correspondence received from foreign sources was in evidence. It attests the fact that the exposition is with the interest of foreign officials and exhibitors aroused to an unusual extent.

The meeting of the press and publicity committee was attended in full. The chief topic of interest related to the work which will be done by Mr. Jose de Oliveira at Buffalo. The representative of the Louisiana Purchase Exposition company goes to Buffalo in a number of capacities. Not only will he take charge of the building which the company is having erected, but he will also the work of carrying information to foreign countries in the matter of press and publicity, as he will do with regard to foreign relations.

#### MAD MULLAH IN FLIGHT.

##### His Men Routed and Chased by a British Force.

AFRICA, June 21.—The Mad Mullah, after the recent repulse by Captain McNeill of his attack upon the British station, accidentally encountered the main British force of cavalry and mounted infantry, which immediately attacked and routed him. The pursuit was continued throughout the night. A hundred of the enemy were killed, and the Mullah and the Sultan of Suar narrowly escaped capture. The British force had been killed and wounded.

On the night of July 1, Bob Fitzsimmons will wrestle Hobbs at the Madison Square Garden.

## ABE AND THE LEGISLATURE.



### MURDER OF A STATESMAN

YOKOHAMA, June 21.—Hoshi Toru, who was Minister of Communications in the Ito Cabinet, was stabbed today at a meeting of the City Assembly and died shortly afterward. Hoshi Toru was Japanese Minister at Washington and was formerly president of the House. The assassination is supposed to have been due to politics.

The assassin of Hoshi Toru is a man of about 50 years of age, occupying a good social and public position. He declared the flow was struck in the interests of the country. WASHINGTON, June 21.—Officials of the Japanese legation were shocked when informed of the assassination. Mr. Hoshi's service here as Minister lasted from 1896 to 1898. He is well known in diplomatic and official circles. Before coming here he was prominent in the politics of his country, and on returning to Japan he became a member of the Cabinet, serving as Minister of Commerce. His official life in Washington and at home was marked by vigor and decisiveness, and the characteristics brought him much enmity in certain political circles in Japan. This resulted in charges affecting his integrity as a member of the Cabinet, and rather than compromise his association by the controversy, he tendered his resignation and began his exile against his detractors. Feeling too high over this affair, and it is probably due to this that the fatal attack occurred.

Mr. Hoshi leaves a widow and one son, the latter nine years old. He was forty-eight years of age, and besides his prominence in politics, was a student and a man of literary accomplishment.

On the night of July 1, Bob Fitzsimmons will wrestle Hobbs at the Madison Square Garden.

### BRITISH CABINET DISCUSS THE CANAL

LONDON, June 22.—In a tentative, easy-going sort of way the Cabinet has begun to consider the Nicaragua canal matter. Lord Pauncefoot has explained many things to Lord Lansdowne, the foreign secretary, and the latter is once more grappling the problem. It is needless to say that the foreign office has no intention of hurrying, and in the course of a month or so it may come to a decision. This will take the form of instructions to Lord Pauncefoot, who will return to the United States. These instructions will probably not be officially communicated to the State Department until Congress shall convene.

Lord Pauncefoot will probably be permitted to interpret his instructions pretty broadly, and they show signs of being elastic enough to provide for any contingency except a direct refusal on the part of the Senate to recognize the validity of the Clayton-Bulwer treaty. Lord Lansdowne is as persistent as ever on this point, and however willing he may be to abrogate it, he will vigorously maintain the possibility of the Clayton-Bulwer treaty until such time as both signatories shall have agreed to its abrogation.

A high official in the course of conversation with a representative of the Associated Press, said: "Americans seem to think we are trying to delay the construction of the canal, but this is entirely wrong. We are just as anxious as they to see it completed, and are willing to do almost anything to further that end. But we do not want to see a treaty we made in good faith torn up like a piece of paper, and we still consider that we are entitled to some gold too for the construction of our treaty rights."

A recent special cable dispatch says

### A NEW PROVINCE FOR NETHERLANDS

WASHINGTON, June 22.—The addition of a whole province of water-covered land in the Kingdom of The Netherlands is the subject of reports received at the State Department from Consul Hill at Amsterdam and Consul-General Guenther at Frankfurt, Germany. The plan, which has been proposed in the States General, has in view the closing of the Ruyter Zee, which for centuries is said to have been a barren land, and to have been a hindrance to the trade of the Netherlands. The plan of the bay that encompasses will gradually be drained, and it is thought that in fifteen years 15,000 acres of fertile land can be reclaimed.

The total cost of the work is estimated at about \$10,000,000, which includes an indemnity of \$1,000,000 to be paid to Ruyter Zee fishermen, valued of their position.

One of the strongest points which the States General received a few months ago from New Orleans was into a ship on the Rio Grande, which it was proposed to service in the Government. The States General received the States General and was asked. Five members of the States General and twenty States General were present.

### MINISTER LOOMIS' SUCCESSOR

NEW YORK, June 22.—Herbert W. Bowen, the newly appointed United States Minister to Venezuela, who is stopping in London taking a few days' rest prior to his departure for the United States from Persia, where he has been United States Minister for the last two years, is quoted in a special dispatch as saying of his future post:

"I don't pretend to know anything of the merits of the German-Venezuelan question, having only seen occasional references to the subject in the papers. It would therefore be foolish of me to express any views of the subject, even were I disposed to do so, which I do not consider right of me to do."

Generally speaking, I think the duties of a representative of any country abroad is first and foremost to promote friendly feeling on the part of all nations with which he may be brought in contact. It is unfortunately only too easy to provoke trouble, especially by injudicious expressions.

"Yes, I am pleased at the change from Persia to a more active sphere, but I do not look forward to any compensation which may not be amply made by the exercise of a little common sense."

#### America's Postal Business

WASHINGTON, June 22.—Third Assistant Postmaster General Madison has given out a representative statement of the postal business. He said that the postal business was a very important one, and that it was necessary to have a good postal service. He said that the postal service was a very important one, and that it was necessary to have a good postal service. He said that the postal service was a very important one, and that it was necessary to have a good postal service.

## BIG DEAL IMPENDING

### Kona Sugar Estate Being Brought Together.

Negotiations for the amalgamation of the Kona Sugar Company of North Kona and the South Kona Agricultural Company of South Kona, Hawaii, are in progress and may be concluded within the present week. The amalgamation will bring together two plantations whose acreage will make the new corporation one of the largest sugar propositions in the Islands.

The details of the amalgamation have not been decided upon by the directors of the two companies, but when ready the matter will be submitted to the stockholders for their approval. No name has been selected for the new corporation, although it has been suggested that one or the other of the present names, with slight changes, be used.

The new corporation will have a capitalization of \$1,500,000 and vast improvements are contemplated by which the entire available land and water resources of the two companies can be developed. Bonds to the amount of \$500,000 have already been decided upon as an issue to provide means for the erection of a joint mill with a capacity of 150 tons per day. The mill will be erected near the present inside boundaries of the two plantations, which will bring it near Kealahou Bay, to which a branch line of the plantation railroad will be run. A wharf will be extended into the bay in order that deep-water vessels may be loaded.

The Kona Sugar Company is at present grinding 500 acres and will commence on January 1 on a 1,500-acre crop. One thousand acres are now being planted and that with the ratoons will make the crop of 1903. A large amount of capital is offered from the Coast for the development of the amalgamated plantations and the probabilities are that about \$1,000,000 will be brought here from that quarter. The controlling interest will be held by stockholders resident in the Hawaiian Islands, although it is probable that the bonds will be taken up by Mainland buyers.

A railroad is being built to run through the Kona Sugar Company's property, and this will be extended to run throughout all parts of the two plantations. The original intention of the Kona Sugar Company was to run the railroad down to Kailua, but with the amalgamation the most feasible outlet is by way of Kealahou Bay.

The Kona Sugar Company has been in operation a little over two years, and its properties developed to the extent of about \$500,000. The improvements have been carried on steadily until it is now considered a fully developed proposition. The mill at the present time is sufficient to take off the present crops which cover between five and six thousand acres. The agents of the company, McChesney & Co., were calculating a few months ago to enlarge the mill to meet the requirements of the increased tonnage, but the pending reorganization will change these plans entirely.

No irrigation is necessary on the company's lands. They have all the water necessary for fluming and mill purposes from reservoirs which are filled from springs and by rainfalls. Heavy rainfalls are generally the rule in the Kona districts, so that tunneling for water is not required. Where flumes are not practicable, overhead cable trolleys are used for conveying the cane from the fields to the mill.

The South Kona Agricultural Company has a large area of fee simple lands and the combining of the two will make it little short of a 20,000-acre plantation. There are a large number of parcels of land under lease to the South Kona company. The plantation has been in operation for a year and enough cane has been planted for need. The land is mostly available for planting, there being very little waste. Lathua and bamboo varieties of cane are so far preferred on the two plantations to any others.

The largest stockholders in the two companies are agreed as to the terms of the amalgamation and the distribution of the stock of the combined companies. An equitable arrangement in the reorganization of the stock has already been effected and about all that is necessary is to receive the approval of all the stockholders, for which purpose a meeting will shortly be called.

#### More Steamers Wanted.

The steamer State of California may be transferred from the northern coast to the San Francisco and Victoria route by the Pacific Coast Steamship Company, under the pressure of business. The California has been running northward from Seattle for some months, and, although doing a good business, could work to better advantage from San Francisco.

#### Making History.

An event of much historical interest in Central Asia was witnessed on last Friday afternoon when, in the presence of a few people, and with simple but impressive surroundings, the principal officers of the Russian mill was erected on it. It is a building of considerable size, and the event of its completion is of considerable importance. The building is of considerable size, and the event of its completion is of considerable importance.



He expressed the belief that the Court of Appeals would grant a new trial for the man.



# THE STRIKE EPIDEMIC

## Trouble in the West Virginia Coal Mines.

MATTEWAN, W. Va., June 22.—More trouble is imminent here today. The striking miners are marching around the entrances, many carrying Winchester. All coal operations are closed today, but the operators will endeavor to resume Monday with non-union men. Last evening a skirmish occurred, in which one hundred shots were fired. Only a few were injured and none killed. Sheriff Hatfield and a large force of deputies are at the Lick Fork mines, where it is feared an attempt may be made to destroy property. Governor White has not yet been called on for the State militia, but he may be asked at any time.

### SHOTS FIRED AT LICK FORK.

HUNTINGTON, W. Va., June 22.—Another outbreak occurred at the Lick Fork mines in the Thacker and Matteman fields late last night. A number of shots were fired and several persons were reported injured, but it is impossible to secure names. Ex-Attorney-General Thacker, the attorney for the coal companies, was at the scene, and a dozen shots were fired at him, but he took shelter behind a rock pile and escaped injury. The strikers are determined that all non-union men shall quit work in these fields, and Winchester are in evidence everywhere. The National Guard may be called upon to assist the sheriff in keeping down a riot. The injunction granted by Judge Jackson will be served today.

### STRIKE ON A RAILROAD.

READING, Pa., June 22.—The strike of employees of the Reading Railway shops, which was begun yesterday noon, has not spread to any other departments in this city, but the leaders say all the men but a few laborers will go out when they are asked, and that the request will probably be made on Monday. The strikers, 200 strong, went to work as usual today, but they said they were awaiting instructions from their national organizations.

The number on strike in the company's shops now is nearly 1,000. Early next week 1,500 men may go out in addition to 2,600 Reading Iron Company workers, who went on strike several weeks ago and are now locked out.

## SARTORIS-BALFOUR ENGAGEMENT OFF

NEW YORK, June 22.—According to a dispatch from London to the World among the paid announcements in the Morning Post of London today appeared this notice:

"The marriage between Miss Vivian Sartoris and Mr. Archibald Balfour will not take place."

London society is mystified. Miss Sartoris, who is a granddaughter of General U. S. Grant, is well known in London and Mr. Balfour is a cousin of Arthur Balfour, the statesman.

The American contingent in London were surprised at the announcement of the engagement on April 18th last, but prepared to send wedding gifts fitting for the granddaughter of a former President of the United States. Hardly anyone knows the meaning of the sudden notice, and many refuse to believe it true. The Morning Post, however, prints all the authorized society announcements.

When seen last night at his home in this city, Ulysses S. Grant, grandson of General Grant, cousin of the young woman, said:

"I know that Mr. Balfour and Miss Sartoris are engaged. If there have been any changes in their plans, it is all news to me. More than this I can't say."

It was only on May 28th last that Mrs. Nellie Grant Sartoris, daughter of the late General Grant, announced that the wedding of her daughter, Miss Sartoris, to Archibald Balfour, would take place on July 11th, in the height of the London season, at the home of Mrs. Gordon, sister of the late Algernon Sartoris, and aunt of Miss Sartoris.

Miss Rosamond Sartoris, a younger sister, so the society notices read, was to be maid of honor and a bevy of English and American girls were chosen to attend the bride. The ushers were all selected from London's smartest set.

In her announcement Mrs. Sartoris added that the honeymoon would be spent in Scotland and that in September Mr. Balfour would bring his bride to America in order that he might meet for the first time her grandmother, the widow of General Grant.

Miss Sartoris made her debut in Washington three years ago. Young Mr. Balfour is a London barrister. A dispatch from Washington says that Miss Sartoris' brother, Algernon Sartoris, is supposed to have sailed from New York very recently. Miss Sartoris only left Washington a few weeks ago for London. Miss Rosamond, her sister, went with her. Mrs. Grant, her grandmother, and Mrs. Nellie Grant Sartoris are in Coburg, Canada, for the summer.

### C. A. Bradford Disappears

CHICAGO, June 22.—C. A. Bradford, a stranger in Chicago, but believed to be a business man of prominence in San Francisco, disappeared from a Michigan avenue boarding-house on the evening of June 14th and the police have been asked to find him. Fool play is feared. Bradford, when he engaged the room, spoke as though he was in the insurance business and also mentioned certain interests in Butte, Mont. On June 14th he left the house in the evening saying he was going to keep a business engagement at the Palmer House. That was the last seen of him. Bradford left property worth several hundred dollars in his room.

Francis Murphy is in Australia, carrying on a successful temperance campaign. In one notice of his days' work, the syndicate to publish a book called "The Great Temperance Cause" has been announced by the movement. Christian Advocate.

## NEWS OF WORLD CONDENSED

British shipping is decreasing. Los Angeles wants 4-cent fares. Mrs. McKinley continues to improve. The New York stock market is easier. Business in the States is brisk in every line.

The pansy is Mrs. McKinley's favorite flower. Russia is being visited by serious frosts. Johannesburg has less than 20,000 white inhabitants.

Half a million is coming down from the Klondike. Another gushing oil well has been developed in Texas.

A big irrigation conference is being held in Cheyenne.

There is likelihood of another Indian outbreak in Mexico. Extensive deposits of copper have been located in Oklahoma.

The cotton-seed industry is to be controlled by a \$100,000,000 trust. The new civil government for Manila will be inaugurated on July 4th.

A. R. Shepherd of Chihuahua, Mexico, was not killed, as has been reported. The Cabinet is considering the tariff relations of the United States with Russia.

A. P. Watt has been appointed executor of the estate of the late Walter Beant.

Charles King, alias Kemp, an all-round crook, has been arrested at Redlands for forgery.

Embassador Choate, having recovered from a summer cold, has returned to London.

William Waldorf Astor has contributed \$5,000 to the Queen Victoria Jubilee bursary fund.

Dr. E. K. Pearson of Chicago intends giving away his vast fortune to educational institutions.

The Chinese troops will not be allowed to enter Peking until after the departure of the allies.

John Kiefer of Los Angeles is dead. He was one of the best-known capitalists in the City of Angels.

The Kansas murderers, in not progressing favorably in her behalf.

The President has issued an order making Judge Taft Governor.

Emil Boas, the general manager of the Hamburg-American line, has been decorated by Emperor William.

Mr. Vaughn of California is visiting Switzerland for the purpose of studying Swiss methods of viticulture.

The Fremont Memorial Association of New York intends raising a shaft to the memory of John C. Fremont.

Many vines are dying throughout the State of California because of long-continued drought of previous years.

Ella Wheeler Wilcox's one-act play, "The Mother," has been well received. It is an emotional bit of drama.

Bruce McSwain, a 17-year-old boy, was thrown from his horse and instantly killed near Vancouver last week.

The new Brotherhood of Railway Employees will move their headquarters from San Francisco to Denver before long.

Bennett he swore that Edie Twitchell was over 18 years of age. John K. Hayes was arrested in Santa Cruz last week.

A Denver millionaire has said that he will endow churches after the Rockefeller and Carnegie college endowment plan.

On the 21st two men were killed and several others fatally injured in a giant powder explosion near Kalamazoo, Washington.

General Nugent has just died from the effects of a wound received in 1862, while leading a charge in the battle of Fredericksburg.

Two prominent society men of New Orleans indulged in a fist fight on the 19th. One of them died from the results of the encounter.

The battleship Massachusetts has demonstrated the fact that a battleship can pass through Hell Gate unaccompanied by a pilot.

Patrolman E. H. Debray was shot and killed on the streets of Atlanta, Georgia, last week by a negro. His murderer has not been captured.

Embassador Andrew D. White will probably resign his position at the German court and return to the United States next December.

Gaston Deschamps, the eminent French literary critic, who recently delivered a series of lectures before the classes of Chicago University, is very anxious that French should be encouraged in the United States.

Tennessee bans women lawyers. The czar is to visit Dante's West Prussia.

The Veterans' Reunion Association is in session at Santa Cruz.

Twenty persons have been bitten by Chicago mad-dogs this summer.

Four mad-dogs ran riot in Chicago on June 22 and bit several children.

The Russian and French governments are negotiating a fresh loan of 125,000,000 rubles.

Judge York of Los Angeles holds that a woman should help to support the family.

Manufacturers have agreed to make prices that will stop the cut-rate drug business.

The next national convention of Painted Pressmen will be held in Baltimore in the month of June, 1902.

Harry Payne, a Redlands rancher, has mysteriously disappeared. It is thought that he met with foul play.

The rock crushing plant at Folsom, California, which has been destroyed by fire, entails a loss of many thousand dollars.

Gregorio Cortez of El Paso, the alleged murderer of Sheriff Morris and Glover, is being pursued by a posse but has not been captured as yet.

Rex Board, a traveling salesman, has filed a petition in bankruptcy in the courts of Los Angeles. His liabilities are \$17,335.66; assets, \$185.

In a duel near Atlanta, A. M. Leary and J. T. Davis shot and killed each other on the 20th. The affair was the result of a family feud.

## COMMERCIAL.

SALER OF EWA sugar shares were made during the week at 25. There is a good demand for Ewa at the latter end of a month, as the buyers are entitled to the dividends. Ewa dividend warrants will be sent out by the agents of the plantation the last of the present month.

Hawaiian Sugar shares dropped considerably during the week. Sales were made at 25 1/2, the stock finally closing at 25 bid and 25 asked. The quotations are steady and there is little likelihood of much change between the two figures. The drop in Hawaiian Sugar is unwarranted for the reason that nothing definite has been decided as regards the reduction of the dividend. The present dividend is 2 per cent, or 40 cents a share, and the agents, Alexander & Baldwin, are sending out dividend warrants for this amount. Inquiry at the office of the agents elicited the information that the same dividend would probably be sent out the next month, and if the present price of sugar is kept up there would be no need for a reduced dividend at all.

Waialua, which has been the active stock for the past two weeks, dropping from 110 to 95, still lingers around this latter figure. Oahu Sugar shares were sold at 12 1/2. A sale of Hawaiian Agricultural was reported at 27 1/2. Honolulu is still 17 1/2 asked with no trading. Honokaa is 21 bid. A block of Hahaione is offered at 25. Sales of Kahuku were effected at 25, the closing quotation being 25 1/2 asked.

Kihai paid up is 11 bid, 12 asked. Kihai assessable shares have been dropped from the Stock Exchange list, as the last assessment has been called and is now payable. The quotations are made now only on the paid up shares, as the assessable are now considered paid up. A block of Koloa was sold at 150. Very good reports are coming from this plantation under the able management of Pat McLain. A large tract of new land has been leased by him at a fair rental and will immediately be put under cultivation.

The last assessment of McBryde assessable makes this stock 17 1/2 paid up, with 20 shares. Several hundred shares were sold at 48, paid up was 11 asked. Oekala shares are selling at 15; this pays a dividend of 1 per cent a month on a par value of 20. Oiaa paid up sold at 13 1/2; assessable shares are offered at 2 1/2. Olowalu is 14 asked. Pepeeokeo is 17 1/2 asked; Pioneer Mill 100 bid, 105 asked; Wailuku 20 asked; Waimanalo 14 1/2 bid. A sale of Waimea was made at 85. This figure is still bid for the stock.

Brewer & Co. is offered as low as 42; Sachs at par; Kerr 45. Among the miscellaneous shares, Wilder and the Inter-Island Steamship Company shares were both offered at par; Mutual Telephone offered at 9; Oahu Railway at 105; Rapid Transit shares offered at 80; People's Ice 75 bid, 87 1/2 asked.

Among the bank stocks, First National offered at 110; Savings Bank 102 1/2. There is a bid for all the bonds listed on the Exchange, showing there is money abroad for safe investments in Hawaiian bonds. Hawaiian Government five were 36 bid. Hilo Railway 100 bid; 101 bid for Ewa; 104 for Oahu Railway; 101 for Oahu Sugar; 102 1/2 for Waialua. About \$90,000 Oahu Railway bonds were sold at 104.

### STOCK EXCHANGE MEMBERS AND BANKERS TO VISIT M'BRYDE.

W. A. Kinney has extended an invitation to the members of the Stock Exchange, bankers and persons interested in Hawaiian securities, to visit McBryde plantation, on the Island of Kauai. A special steamer will be chartered to take the party over to the Garden Isle, on which the plantation is located, a week from next Thursday. The party will return the following Saturday. The inspection is for the purpose of seeing just what the plantation has been doing since its inception, and to give the visitors an idea of the improvements contemplated and the condition of the cane fields.

### SHIPMENTS OF HAWAIIAN SUGAR.

Czarnikow's latest New York sugar report states that the statistics were: Receipts, 28,250 tons; moltings, 25,000 tons. In the receipts were included 11,400 tons from Cuba; 14,000 tons from other West Indies; 2,800 tons from Brazil; 7,000 tons from Europe, and 2,800 tons from Hawaii.

## THE EMPEROR OF CHINA MAY RETURN TO PEKING IN OCT.

PARIS, June 22.—A dispatch received here from Peking says an official proclamation has been issued there announcing that the Emperor will return to Peking in October, arriving at the capital by railroad from Pao Ting Fo.

### STATE OF THE NEGOTIATIONS.

LONDON, June 22.—Lord Lansdowne, an Associated Press correspondent, learns, does not take such a pessimistic view of the Chinese negotiations, as do a majority of the British newspapers. The foreign office by no means coincides in the view of the Peking correspondent of the Daily Mail, who cables today that the negotiations are drifting into a hopeless deadlock. There is now an opinion among competent officials in Downing street that there is a good prospect of settlement. It is denied that Germany has increased her demand for indemnity; from the British standpoint Germany is the Grand Jury of that country.

The Santa Fe Company is perfecting a plan to bring settlers from Italy to the far West. Should the plan succeed, they will attempt to bring other nationalities in.

George Ecker, a Philippine volunteer, was almost lynched in Arkansas last week for raising a check and then brutally killing the officer detailed to arrest him.

Several non-union miners who tried to enter the Maritime coal mines, near Mattewan, West Virginia, were fired upon by some strikers recently. Three men were killed.

Frederick Barnekooff, who has posed as a returned Cape Nome miner with a large fortune and a desire to get married, has been arrested for victimizing several Chicago women.

The British Liberal party is split in twain by the pro-Boer resolution. Asquith, the leader of the party, has declared himself by saying that the republic cannot be restored.

A bad smash took place on the inclined railroad last week at Mount Lowe, California, in which one of the passengers had his hand so badly smashed that it will be necessary to amputate it.

The transport Ohio arrived at San Francisco on June 20. She had on board twenty-nine officers and 749 enlisted men of the Forty-second Infantry. The Ohio left Manila May 29 and made a quick trip.

Carman, the commissary officer who has been charged with having confiscated stores in Manila, has been released on bonds of \$10,000. He will visit the United States between the time of his release and his trial.

The \$20,000 extra stock issued by the Amalgamated Copper Company in connection with the absorption of the Boston and Montana and Butte and Boston properties has been added to the unlisted departments of both New York and Boston Stock Exchanges.

Because some smallpox patients, who had previously been employed by the railroad, were housed in a box car at the offices of Parkersburg, West Virginia, stopped a passenger train and chained the wheels of the engine until the objectionable car was removed.

Mrs. Louise Kloppe of San Jose has filed a constitutional suit against the electric light company of that city, charging them with having injured her health and lessening the value of her property by their close proximity to her home. She asks for \$50,000 and that they be enjoined from running.

### CHILD FIGHTS CHOLERA INFANTUM—NEVER KNOWN TO FAIL.

During last May an infant child of one neighbor was suffering from cholera infantum. The doctor had given up all hopes of recovery. I took a bottle of Chamberlain's Colic, Cholera and Diarrhoea Remedy to the house, telling them that I felt sure it would do good if used according to directions. In two days the child had fully recovered. The child is now vigorous and healthy. I have recommended this remedy frequently and have never known it to fail. Mrs. Carrie Baker, Parkersburg, Ohio. For sale by all dealers and druggists. Boston, Smith & Green, 133, South Street, N. Y. C.

Wagons, haetons, Buggies, Harness, Var Carriage Mat Iron Horse Sh

Pacific Vehicle & Supply Com. Lock

\*Day Block, Beretania Street, Honolulu.

WRITE US FOR OUR ILLUSTRATED CATALOGUE AND PRICES.

G. N. WILCOX, President. J. F. HACKFELD, Vice President. E. SUHR, Secretary and Treasurer. T. MAY, Auditor.

PACIFIC GUANO AND FERTILIZER CO.

POST OFFICE BOX 434—MUTUAL TELEPHONE 467.

We Are Prepared to Fill All Orders for Artificial Fertilizers.

ALSO, CONSTANTLY ON HAND: PACIFIC GUANO, POTASH, SULPHATE OF AMMONIA, NITRATE OF SODA, CALCINED FERTILIZER, SALTS, ETC., ETC., ETC.

Special attention given to analysis of soils by our agricultural chemist. All goods are GUARANTEED in every respect. For further particulars apply to

DR. W. AVERDAM, Manager. Pacific Guano and Fertilizer Company

PACIFIC GUANO AND FERTILIZER CO.

POST OFFICE BOX 434—MUTUAL TELEPHONE 467.

We Are Prepared to Fill All Orders for

## Artificial Fertilizers.

ALSO, CONSTANTLY ON HAND: PACIFIC GUANO, POTASH, SULPHATE OF AMMONIA, NITRATE OF SODA, CALCINED FERTILIZER, SALTS, ETC., ETC., ETC.

Special attention given to analysis of soils by our agricultural chemist. All goods are GUARANTEED in every respect. For further particulars apply to

DR. W. AVERDAM, Manager. Pacific Guano and Fertilizer Company

## YOU WILL

MISS A. GOODTHING

IF YOU DON'T SEND TO US FOR

Hardware, Bicycles, Ship Chandlery, Sporting Goods, Paints, Oils, Etc.

WRITE FOR PRICES.

E. O. HALL & SON, LIMITED.

IN THEIR BIG NEW STORE.

## Read the Hawaiian Gazette

A ABSOLUTELY CLEAN AND SANITARY

..Wilke..

Porcelain Refrigerators

Eddy's Refrigerators

AND ICE BOXES

Just Received.

Different Sizes.



Paragon Ball-Bearing SPEED INDICATOR

Have you ever figured what the waste of power by over or under speed of your machinery means to you? NO POWER USER CAN AFFORD TO IGNORE THIS VITAL POINT. Circulars will be sent on application.

Large Invoices of Crockery, French China and Glassware, just opened.

Pacific Hardware Co., Ltd.



## Gazette.

Office of Honolulu,  
at-class Matter.

WEEKLY.  
TUESDAYS AND FRIDAYS

SMITH, EDITOR.

Subscription Rates:  
Foreign \$1.50  
Foreign \$1.75  
Foreign \$2.00

is invariably in Advance.

A. W. PEARSON,  
Manager.

JUNE 2

have any way tax stamps on  
forming issue (June 2, 1901)

next few mails will be interesting  
at they may show of the progress  
personally-conducted annexation  
me on the mainland.

the daily twinges which the thought  
the Bar Association gives the Hum-  
phreys' organs shows that the best  
that distinguished body left a per-  
sistent mark.

"On to Sacramento!" remarks a coun-  
ty annexation paper. Certainly—right  
on! But don't tell those savage Cali-  
formians that 20,000 Chinese and 60,000  
Japanese would follow.

The thought, expressed by our gasp-  
ing sunrise contemporary, that, in case  
of annexation to California, Hawaii  
might get a Senatorship, tells the whole  
tale of the opera bouffe conspiracy.

Fortunately for Delegate Wilcox's  
tale of how the President decided the  
Humphreys case without waiting for  
the charges or the evidence to arrive,  
Wilcox will not be required to produce  
any witnesses.

If Arizona has any more men of the  
exalted character of Judge Humphreys  
they are needed in Hawaii—Volcano.

There are quite a number in the peni-  
tentiary there of the same "exalted  
character," and we shall probably get  
them to come and Americanize us when  
their terms are ended.

The House appropriated \$10,000 with  
which to print the journal of its pro-  
ceedings, and let the contract for \$1,500.  
It might be well to keep an eye on the  
close-corporation printing committee  
and note where the remaining \$8,500  
goes, and what percentage of the  
money reaches the proof-reading ring  
which has fattened since last spring on  
the Treasury remnants.

Francis Murphy is giving his blue-  
ribbon movement a great revival in  
Australia. Twenty-five years ago his  
convert, Richard Booth, who had been  
a village barber in New York, stirred  
Australia from center to circumference  
and, at a later time, repeated the ex-  
ploit in London. Tens of thousands of  
total abstinence pledges were then  
signed. With Murphy himself in the  
field it looks as if the old days of en-  
thusiasm for the blue-ribbon were to be  
surpassed.

The fact that only about \$2,000 were  
available for Miss Davidson's use at  
Buffalo is explained in a letter from  
Secretary Rodgers of the Board of Edu-  
cation. That sum was about all that  
a \$2,500 appropriation warrant could  
procure at the banks. Except for Su-  
perintendent Aldrich's hard work, the  
warrant might have drawn much less,  
and the attempt to make an exhibit at  
Buffalo have become a fizzle indeed. We  
hope the Legislature likes the looks of  
the credit it has given the Territory  
among the banking institutions.

A Conspirator with a Pale, Intellectual  
Face was talking to Another Con-  
spirator whose large, worn hair, sensi-  
tive to a fault, was turned approvingly  
towards him. "It is this way," said  
the Intellectual Conspirator, his pale  
nose disappearing under the Hecke  
Flush of Ambition, "we'll get Hawaii  
into California and then the Native  
Vote. Then when some Californian  
wants to be Governor we will throw  
Our Vote to him, 10,000 strong, provid-  
ing he will give a Senatorship to One  
of Us. See?" The other Conspirator  
saw, and his Great overbearing him at  
the thought, he immediately ran down  
a Steep Place into the Sea.

Washington correspondents who are  
on the watch for the charges to be filed  
against Humphreys by the Hawaiian  
Bar Association should possess their  
souls in patience. The committee of  
the Association is proceeding with its  
work but the testimony against the  
branded judge is so voluminous, and is  
being so well supplemented by testi-  
mony from the South and Southwest,  
where Humphreys made the greater  
part of his criminal record, that much  
more time will have to be used in writ-  
ing the brief. When the latter appears  
it will make a book which the President,  
as well as the correspondents, will find  
absorbing. In the story it tells of how  
a scoundrel who ought to be in the peni-  
tentiary found his way to the bench  
and there misused his opportunity.

The case with which justice can be  
defeated in a big country, where in-  
stances and trial cases are widely scat-  
tered, appears in the case of Mrs. But-  
kin, who slew the wife of her lover with  
a box of poisoned candy. Mrs. Butkin  
lived in San Francisco, but victim lived  
in Delaware, and to try her it became  
necessary to bring, from Delaware, the  
important witnesses. This was done  
and the Butkin woman was con-  
victed, but long afterwards, which is  
lately, a testimony got her a new  
trial. This makes it necessary to in-  
port the witnesses again, but the com-  
mittee of San Francisco refuse to bear the  
expense and unless the State of Dela-  
ware will contribute, which is not at  
all probable, Mrs. Butkin may see her  
in small San Francisco crowded with a dif-  
ficultly would not present itself, but in  
a country like the United States, justice  
is often forced by the shift of tempo-  
rary, to take account of mileage.

## DR. BISHOP'S LETTER.

Rev. Dr. B. R. Bishop has given the  
Washington Star a clear-cut and accu-  
rate account of the events leading up to  
the repudiation of A. S. Humphreys,  
Judge of the First Circuit Court, by the  
Hawaiian Bar Association. As the  
Humphreys organs affect to question  
the truth of the story, the Advertiser  
will summarize the charges made by  
Dr. Bishop, state some of the facts back  
of them, and leave the public to judge  
them on their merits. The full text of  
Dr. Bishop's article also appears.

I. "Extremes of violence and tyrann-  
y." At the banquet of the Bar Asso-  
ciation about a year ago leading attor-  
neys complained that, owing to Hum-  
phreys, the cordial relations between ex-  
ecutive and judiciary had been strained,  
and resulting course of the  
judge toward the Bar generally. Dur-  
ing the subsequent months the hitting  
and the exclusion of reporters and  
spectators from the court room—first  
which all benches were removed by  
one—the obvious effort of the judge to  
secure a verdict against Dr. Minor, and  
finally the vicious attempt to per-  
suade Messrs. Hartwell, Kinney and Bar-  
ber to defend the interests of  
their client pointed unmistakably to the  
intention of the judge on the ground  
specifically stated by him above.

II. "Greedy political ambition and an  
unscrupulous system of intrigue." Every  
politician in this city knows that  
Humphreys has been a candidate for  
Chief Justice or Governor, according to  
the machine through the aid of the Roy-  
alist legislators and delegates. Affidavits  
were filed at Washington showing his con-  
stant political intrigue here with the  
avowed enemies of the Republican party,  
the object being personal and politi-  
cal gain. At one time when it seemed  
likely that a municipal bill could be  
passed by the Roylists in the Legisla-  
ture he sought to make a deal for the  
position of Mayor of Honolulu, hoping  
to use that as a stepping stone to  
higher places. All this time he was  
serving as a judge on the Bench.

III. "He helped to defeat Republi-  
cans in the election to the Legislature  
and for Delegate to Congress." And he  
boasted of it in a published interview  
afterwards.

IV. "The Honolulu Republican, which  
has been edited with considerable abil-  
ity—this paper, while pretending to be  
of the Republican party, has from the  
beginning worked against the strong  
Dole majority of that party, causing the  
defeat at the polls of many of their  
leading candidates. Since the election  
it has not only been virulently bitter  
against the executive body, but has  
diligently advocated the cause and  
policy of the Home Rule Roylists and  
denounced every act of the Governor  
opposed to them. Humphreys controls  
a majority of the shares of the Honolu-  
lu Republican Company and avowedly  
directs the policy of the paper." The  
proof of all this is in the files of the  
Republican and in an affidavit of own-  
ership signed by the treasurer of the  
company of which the Republican is a  
shareholder.

V. "During the legislative session of  
sixty days the leaders of the native  
Roylists were in constant conference  
with Humphreys." These conferences  
were held at Humphreys' house, at his  
chambers and at an office downtown.  
The substance of many of them, reveal-  
ing Humphreys as a political plotter  
against the President's Territorial ap-  
pointees, have been repeatedly by wit-  
nesses, who were present and were re-  
ferred to the other day by Royalist  
Representative Makekau on the floor  
of the House. Representative Beckley  
stated in the press in San Francisco  
that Humphreys and the old Royalist  
(Home Rule) party were in political af-  
filiation.

VI. "Humphreys' first step was to at-  
tempt to take out of the hands of the  
executive officers the investigation they  
were quietly making to establish com-  
plete evidence of the facts of bribery." The  
sudden calling together of a packed  
Grand Jury and the proceedings which  
followed is proof enough of this.

VII. Humphreys admitted native leg-  
islators to the Bar without examination,  
the man so honored having little or no  
knowledge of law, and he did it in order  
to give his political support. No truth-  
ful man in Honolulu disputes these  
facts.

These are the main charges brought  
by Dr. Bishop and they are as true as  
any evidence that ever convicted a  
man in court before a jury of twelve  
men. Behind them is a personal his-  
tory of Judge Humphreys which reveals  
him, as we have said before, in the  
character of a fugitive criminal on the  
Bench.

The elder Portuguese in this city are  
good citizens but the younger ones with  
enough exceptions to make the rule, are  
earning more blame than praise. The  
smaller boys regard stealing as a vest-  
ed right and the larger ones are devel-  
oping a range of dangerous loafs. What  
has been the result? A police force  
that not only for the police and for the  
church which holds spiritual jurisdic-  
tion over the most of them but for  
sociological students generally. There  
are immense possibilities for evil in  
the kind of population which is growing  
up in Honolulu and a steady infusion of  
negatives and Porto Blacks will make  
things no better.

The impression that the appointment  
of Judge Humphreys was made at the  
instance of Mr. Sewall is one that Hon.  
Cecil Brown wishes to correct. Mr.  
Brown attempts for himself the responsi-  
bility, great as it is, and says this  
journal to say so for him. It is well  
to have this matter straightened out  
not only in justice to Mr. Sewall but to  
give special emphasis to the fact that  
Senator Brown was active among those  
who at the Bar Association last meet-  
ing, voted overwhelmingly in favor of  
Humphreys' removal from office.

Private in 1897 vote (Boston tea). The  
bill passed by the Legislature providing  
a tax on income over \$100 was intro-  
duced today. This provides that there  
shall be taxed assessed collected and  
paid annually \$ 1 1 1 a tax of 1 cent  
on the net profit of income above  
\$100 and on all property owned and  
used in business trade employment or  
profession carried on in the Territory of  
Hawaii. It also carries \$100 a year  
is subject to the tax on net income  
amounting to \$1.

PAUL NEUMANN IS DEAD  
OF PARALYSIS OF THE BRAIN

HON. PAUL NEUMANN.

Early this morning Paul Neumann,  
the genial friend of everybody, the  
kindly companion, the faithful coun-  
selor, the soul and spirit of a thousand  
cheerful gatherings, passed beyond  
these voices. For a long time he had  
been gradually but surely failing.  
Rheumatism gave him days and nights  
of pain and other maladies beset him,  
but he kept with a brave and smiling  
face. It was seen, however, many  
months ago, that he was not long for  
this world. Though he spoke at length  
at the banquet of the Native Sons last  
September, the comment was: "He is  
not the same old Paul." The other day  
in court he talked to friends with such  
vivacity as he could summon, but when  
he walked out into the corridor on his  
way home, his pallor increasing at every  
step, people who watched him said  
that he was coming to the parting of  
the ways.

Whether he knew it or not no one  
unless perhaps some member of his  
family can tell. To others he was the  
every-day philosopher who took what  
came, a gentleman unafraid.

Paul Neumann lived sixty-two years.  
Born in 1829 in Prussia, he was at-  
tracted to the United States at the  
early age of fifteen, locating in Cali-  
fornia, where he subsequently became  
a naturalized American citizen. Like  
all early pioneers to that State, Mr.  
Neumann passed through many hard-  
ships and vicissitudes, but a sound  
constitution and a determined will made  
each obstacle appear to his eye as  
simply a something to be overcome.  
Having gone through the usual studies,  
he was admitted to the practice of  
law in the year 1853, since which time  
he had followed that profession.

Though many opportunities offered,  
the only offices he ever sought in California  
were those of Member of Congress and  
State Senator. He served in the latter  
post three terms. In 1883 Mr. Neumann  
decided to make Hawaii his future  
home, arriving at the close of that  
year and immediately resuming prac-  
tice. Mr. Neumann held the portfolio  
of Attorney General under King Kala-  
kaua, retaining the same office for a  
while under Queen Liliuokalani, and in  
1893 represented the latter at Washing-  
ton when the first annexation treaty  
was before the United States Senate.  
He was also a Noble and received a de-  
claration of the Order of Kalakaua.  
In 1884 he went to Mexico as envoy ex-  
traordinary. In 1890 at the request of  
the Hawaiian Government and the  
Planters' Association, Mr. Neumann  
went to Japan in connection with the  
labor convention between Japan and  
Hawaii. At a later period President  
Dole and the Hawaiian Executive  
Council instructed him to proceed to  
Central America as an envoy extraor-  
dinary. Mr. Neumann was married in

1875 to Elise Dinklage of Mexico, and  
had a family of four daughters  
and two sons, all of whom, with the  
exception of one daughter, married to  
Mr. Herman Focke of Honolulu and  
one married to W. F. C. Hasson, and  
a son in the Naval Academy, reside  
abroad. Paul Neumann, Jr., a resident  
of London, lately published a beautiful  
poem on Robert Louis Stevenson, a  
friend of his father and himself, and  
their frequent companion in the old  
days. He is a student at the University  
of Edinburgh, where he is about to take  
his degree as a doctor of medicine. He  
volunteered his services to the British  
Government and went to South Africa  
during the first part of the Boer war.

Edward Neumann is now a cadet at  
the United States Naval Academy in  
his third year of study.

Eva married Alfred Fowler, an Eng-  
lishman, who is a member of the firm of  
Fowler Brothers of Leeds and Manches-  
ter.

Lillian is now being educated abroad  
under the chaperonage of Mrs. Fowler.

Mrs. Hasson is at present visiting her  
cousin, Miss Pauline Neumann of San  
Francisco.

While in California Mr. Neumann  
had the misfortune to break his leg and  
after it was being made strong he slipped  
and once more broke it, the result  
being that he was compelled to under-  
go amputation. His one great regret  
was that this incapacitated him from  
serving his adopted country during the  
Civil War.

He was a familiar figure throughout  
the California towns in the old days,  
and in the mining camps he was as  
well known as many of the men who  
made millions out of their properties.  
He was one of the promoters of the Bo-  
hemian Club of San Francisco.

Mr. Neumann was at his office on  
Saturday and beyond complaining of  
not feeling well gave no cause for alarm  
until yesterday about noon, when Mr.  
Focke noticed that he was not taking  
part in a conversation readily. He im-  
mediately telephoned for Dr. Wood.  
Shortly after the doctor's arrival Mr.  
Neumann began to sink and at 7 o'clock  
Dr. Walters announced that his case  
was then hopeless and he did not be-  
lieve he would live an hour. Mr. Neu-  
mann was unconscious throughout the  
evening and the end was expected every  
moment. Paralysis of the brain was  
the immediate cause of death.

The Neumann home on King street  
was the center of attraction during the  
days of the monarchy and republic for  
the Navy officers of the war vessels of  
all nations stopping here. Many bril-  
liant receptions were held in the resi-  
dence and grounds.

Mr. Neumann was a Mason of high  
standing, a member of Hawaiian  
Lodge No. 21, and Kamehameha Per-  
fection Lodge.

When public land was offered for sale  
by Commissioner J. F. Brown, the Anti-  
Dole kennel aroused itself with one  
voice. A breathless public was told that  
the oligarchy was at it again, stealing  
United States territory to sell to men  
who would have it taken away from  
them by the stern hand of offended  
Federal law. Presto, change! Now we  
have Commissioner Boyd calmly dis-  
posing of public land in 1,500-acre tracts  
and telling the public that the rest of  
the Territorial domain will be worked  
off in lots cheap for cash—\$100 worth  
for \$12. And not a protest comes from  
the kennel nor is a single whistle raised  
to bring on the bloodhounds from  
Washington.

Senator Allen once came within an  
inch of being President, and the men-  
tion of his name for 1904 recalls the wild  
favor with which his candidacy for the  
Republican nomination was greeted in  
past years. He is more like McKinley  
than any other aspirant; he comes from  
the West, he has the confidence of the  
business interests which more and more  
control the politics of the country, and  
he is a tried and spotless statesman. If  
he should be given the Republican  
standard to carry three years hence a  
large majority of the American people  
would be likely to follow it.

The Legislature's one excuse for its  
failure to that it was "obstructed" by  
Republicans, could there be a clearer  
case of confessed incompetency? When  
a Legislature with a more than two-  
thirds majority and a definite program  
can be kept from doing business by a  
few less than one-third minority it is a  
case to be noted. Why don't the Repub-  
licans plead the same and then charge  
the Republicans with incompetency?

Difficult  
Digestion

That is dyspepsia.  
It makes life miserable.

Its sufferers eat not because they  
WANT to—but simply because they  
MUST.

They complain of a bad taste in the  
mouth, a tenderness at the pit of the  
stomach, a feeling of puffy fullness,  
headache, heartburn and what not.

Hood's Sarsaparilla cured Joseph P. Latas,  
Placencia, N. Y., who writes: "I was troubled  
with dyspepsia for a number of years and  
took medicine that did me no good. I was  
advised by friends to try Hood's Sarsaparilla  
which I did and it put my bowels in perfect  
condition, gave me strength and energy and  
made me feel like a new person."

**Hood's Sarsaparilla**

Promises to cure and keeps the prom-  
ise. Beware of substitutes. Buy  
Hood's and you are right.

MORE "AMERICANIZATION."

The patriots who followed the flag to  
Hawaii for the purpose of "Americaniz-  
ing" this country and who began their  
noble work by organizing a machinists'  
union and getting up a strike at the  
Honolulu Iron Works have had their  
labor for their pains. The strike is over  
and the Americanization of the Iron  
Works seems to be hopelessly checked,  
the proprietors having insisted, in the  
true oligarchical way, upon managing  
their business to suit themselves and  
the greater number of employees having  
made up their minds to let well enough  
alone and stay by their jobs. As a re-  
sult, the walking delegates and other  
apostolic workers in the field of profes-  
sional "Americanizers" have nothing left  
to do but to shake the dust of such an  
alien and unregenerate country from  
their feet.

Another group of Americanizers, how-  
ever, are getting along more swim-  
mingly. Between them they have  
granted and received a license to open  
a saloon on the waterfront where sober  
men were turned into drunkards yester-  
day with a speed that must have  
made the eagle scream. During all the  
years of the family compact and the  
other influences which have degraded  
Hawaii no saloon was permitted to ex-  
ist on the waterfront, with the result  
that Honolulu had the tannest and least  
waterfront of any seaport in the  
world. It was so deserted and quiet at  
night that a man could not step across  
the street to the lumber yard with a  
can of opium save at the risk of having  
his footfalls rouse a watchman. Not so  
much as a murder or a bit of highway-  
manhood enlivened things there; all was  
deadly dull as beds a country held in  
the grasp of a selfish oligarchy. But it  
was different last night. In the new  
saloon, which has been conveniently  
placed to catch the machinists of the  
Iron Works coming and going, men  
stood four deep clamoring for drinks  
and those whose calls were answered  
oftenest were so overjoyed at the idea  
that Hawaii had been Americanized at  
last that they lay down in the gutter  
and dreamed of a new Barbary coast,  
with a fat Hibernian policeman asleep  
on the corner and the Morgue just over  
the way.

And to think that, with this manifold  
blessing, not to speak of the acqui-  
sition of "American" courts that play  
politics with packed juries and his-  
tory-fixer's as halliffs, the Fourth of  
July in Honolulu should have fallen  
into innocuous desuetude. We can un-  
derstand the grief of those who mourn  
with the defeated strikers, but this is  
not enough cause to discard the inde-  
pendence day which has been so cheer-  
fully heralded by waterfront saloons  
and political judges and which may yet  
down upon a looted treasury and a  
plundered people.

CHINESE ARRESTED.

Twelve Unregistered Residents Li-  
able to Be Deported.

Action was taken yesterday after-  
noon by the federal authorities in re-  
gard to the twelve Chinese brought  
here on the steamer China, who have  
been detained in quarantine ever since  
arriving. They were formally arrest-  
ed yesterday afternoon, and will ap-  
pear before Judge Esteve this morning  
to show cause why they should not be  
deported.

It will be remembered that these  
Chinese arrived just after the expira-  
tion of the time allowed for registra-  
tion. There could be no objection to  
their landing, as they were old resi-  
dents of Hawaii, returning from visits  
abroad. The difficulty of the twelve  
Celestials is in that an unregistered  
Chinese is liable to arrest and depor-  
tation any time and at any time. The  
twelve reached here too late to regis-  
ter.

Monday Acting District Attorney  
Dunne, by whose order they were pre-  
vented from landing, sent Marshal  
Hendry to the Quarantine Station to  
examine their papers and inquire fur-  
ther about them. Mr. Hendry reported  
yesterday, and upon consulting with  
Judge Esteve, Mr. Dunne issued war-  
rants for them all, which were given to  
the marshal for service.

The Federal Court will now endeavor  
to deport the prisoners on the ground  
that they are unable to produce cer-  
tificates. The Chinese are in an un-  
fortunate position, and it is hardly  
probable that they can present any ex-  
cuse that will bring it within the  
power of the Federal Court to allow  
them to remain.

Aside from these cases, it is said that  
there are still about 200 Chinese resi-  
dents of Hawaii visiting abroad, un-  
registered, who will be subject to the  
power of the Federal Court to allow  
them to remain.

The Advertiser does not wish to in-  
fer to congressional Hon. John B.  
Hatch, probably known as the author  
of the bill to amend the act of 1898  
known as its interpretation, on his acqui-  
sition of a pretty home. Thus is vil-  
lany and industry rewarded. In case of an-  
other position we shall expect to have  
the pleasure of congratulating Mr.  
Hatch on his acquisition of a ship and  
perhaps a rigging.

The State and the Police will play  
mail Saturday afternoon.

## BUSINESS CARDS.

LYNN A. DICKHY, Attorney at Law  
and Notary Public, P. O. box 726, Ho-  
nolulu, H. I. King and Bethel Sts.

H. HAWKFIELD & CO., LTD.—General  
Commission Agents, Queen St., Hono-  
lulu, H. I.

F. A. SCHAEFER & CO.—Importers  
and Commission Merchants, Honolu-  
lu, Hawaiian Islands.

LEWERS & COOKS.—Robert Lewers,  
S. J. Lowrey, C. M. Cooke—Import-  
ers and dealers in lumber and build-  
ing materials. Office, 414 Fort St.

CONSOLIDATED SODA WATER  
WORKS CO., Ltd.—Esplanade, Cor.  
Fort and Allen Sts. Honolulu & Co.,  
Agents.

HONOLULU IRON WORKS CO.—Ma-  
chinery of every description made to  
order.

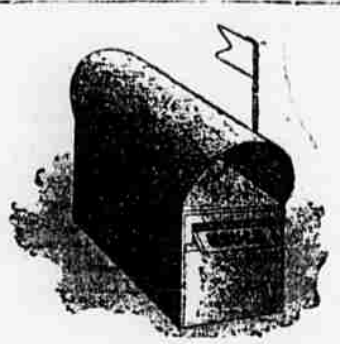
WILDER'S STEAMSHIP COMPANY.  
Freight and passengers for all  
Island ports.

Castle & Cooke,  
—LIMITED—LIFE and FIRE  
INSURANCE  
AGENTS.

AGENTS FOR

New England Mutual Life Insurance Co  
OF BOSTON.

Etica Life Insurance Company  
OF HARTFORD.



F. T. WATERHOUSE, Agent

## Down A gain

In prices is the market for  
flour and feed, and we follow  
it closely.  
Send us your orders and they  
will be filled at the lowest  
market price.  
The matter of 6 or 10 cents  
upon a hundred pounds of  
feed should not concern you  
as much as the quality, as  
poor feed is dear at any price.

We Carry Only the Best

When you want the Best Hay,  
Feed or Grain, at the Right  
Prices, order from

CALIFORNIA FEED CO.  
TELEPHONE 121.

CHAS. BREWER & CO.'S  
NEW YORK LINE

SHIP HELEN BREWER

will sail from NEW YORK for HONO-  
LULU, on or about

SEPTEMBER 1, 1901.

If sufficient inducements are offered.

For freight rates apply to

CHAS. BREWER & CO.,  
27 Kilby St., Boston,

C. BREWER & CO., LTD.  
Honolulu.

Wm. G. Irwin & Co.,  
LIMITED.

Fire and Marine Insurance A'gts.

AGENTS FOR THE

Royal Insurance Company of Liverpool,  
Alliance Assurance Company of London,

Alliance, Marine and General Assurance  
Co., Ltd., of London.

Scottish Union National Insurance  
Company of Edinburgh.

Wilhelms of Magdeburg General Insur-  
ance Company.

Associated Assurance Co., Ltd., of Mu-  
nich and Berlin.

Metropolitan  
Meat Company

NO. 507 KING ST.

HONOLULU, H. I.

Shipping and Family  
Butchers.

NAVY CONTRACTORS.

G. J. WALLER, Manager.

Highest Market Prices paid for Hides,  
Wool and Tallow. Slaughter and Packing  
Facilities for Dealers and Families.















